## scientific and practical information.

the companion of procyon.
We noticed some time ago that Struve had discovered, by the aid of the maguificent refractor of the Pulkowa Observa tory, a sruall star near Procyon, which he regarded as being the probable cause of the irregularities of the movements of the latter body. Dr. Andrews has since repeated his calcu lations regarding the proper motion of Procyon, which ap pears to be circular. in a period of a little less than forty cars, around some invisible center. He does not now defin inely conclude that to "truve's star should be ascribed thi peculiar movement, but considers that the question will be decid d d next spring, if the new star is then visible. In such case, Struve's star thould be at a considerable distance from the emmmon ctnter of gravity of both bodies, and a mas must be attributed to Procyon equal to eighty times that of our sun, and to his companion, a mass equal to six and two thirds of the same body.
tile purification of tallow ind lard.
Dr. Dotch states that tallow and lird can bo kept from get ting rancid by the following process: The tallow or lard is first treated wich carbonate of soda in the proportion of pounds of soda to e very 1,000 pounds of lard, and is the subjected to a digestion with alum in the following manner 10 pounds of alum are dissolved in 500 pounds of water, and pound siakt ll lime added to the solution and boiled. This so lution is stirred well with 1,000 pounds of lard at a tempera ture of 150 or $200^{\circ}$ Fah. for about balf an hour. The liquor is then eemar.ted from the lard, and the lard is treated with the ame anmont of pure water again. This lard will keep for an exceedingly long time. The fact is that the alumina in the alum applied acts very readily in a disinfecting manne upon thos-compounds which are liable to give rise to rancid ity. The lime is added to the alum in order to render the alumina more active by its giving up some of the ac:d to the lim". This treatment las also the advantages of restoring the ness.

Professor Kopp, who has recently made a careful study o he aniline colors at the Vienna Exposition, says that the manufaccure of these pigments from coal tar products is ninking mostremarkable progress. Fuchsin, constituted by a salt of rosanilin, is obtained exclusively by the reaction of arsenic acid on commercial aniline. In order to afford an dea of the enormous consumption of this violent poison in lone the same is estimated at $3,300,000$ pounds a year. It lone the same it estimated at $3,300,000$ pounds a year.
is only lately that the residues have been treated to regain is only lately that the residues have been treated to regain
the arsenic in conmercial form. M. Kopp mentions as a the arsenic in commercial form. M. Kopp mentions as a
novelyy a beautiful rose red coloring matter called saffronin which upon silk is a very brilliant dye

## a new textile plant.

The ordinary wood nettle, as is well known to many of our eaders, is found in profusion on the Alleghany mountains often at a level of over 5,000 feet above the sea. A shor time since, M. Rozel succeeded in transporting to Europe number of living specimens of the plant, some of which he di-patched to the Prussian Minister of Agriculture, in orde that the value of the weed, if any it bad, might be deter mined. It appears that quite favorable results have been obtained in usiug the plant for textile purposes, and for such mployment it is now attracting considerable attention in Germany. It is known hotanically as the laportec pustulata, and is perennial. As it is, therefore, unnecessary to sow the eed cacly year, the planc has in this respect an advantage over lemp or flax, while it is stated to necessitate less labo and expense in preparing the fiber. In a wild state, the net tle attains a hight of two or three feet, but we learn that such as has been cultivated in Berlin has already exceeded this limit, and it appears possible that, by care and proper soil, evena still greater altitude may be gained. Experi ments thus far made point to the fact that the plant wil prove a not unimportant addition to our textile materials.

## decisions of the courts.

United States Circuit Court---District of Callfornia


Supreme court---District of columbia. paper flle patent.-Smith et al. is. woodruff.
LIn Equity.- Before IIunphrey., Justice.-Opinión del certd Sept. 13, 1873.





United States Circuit Court--EEastern District of
 The Overland Montilly for January has, among other Intcresting orth Western Coast," it which the divideon on the "Abraston of Our hat portion of the country, arc described. As an explangtion of the ortgin of these pecular formations, the writerthinks wecan appeal tothe "artio If we accept an ice sheet over the contlneet, or a part thereof, and an ic belt contlguous to the continental shores, we can readily understand tha t moved as a great stream, or, more likely, in currents, from the north. The second of these papers, on "New Zealand," contaIns some fresh inform ation regarding that intle known country. The "Japauese Nerchant a
Home" and "Summering to the Sierrss" are pleasing descriptions, enter aning and readable. The usual sellection a of poetry, ellicortal mlecellan c.. complete a tatle of quite varled and interesting contents. Published

Value of Patents, AND EOW TO OBRAIN TEBM.
Practical Iints to Inventors
ROBABLY nolnveatment of a small sum of money brings a greater return than the expense incurred tu obtaising a paten ered whed the invention is buta small one. Larger inventione are found tn pay corresbondlngly well. The numes of Blaucharu,
Morse, Bigelow, Colt, Erlc-son, Howe, McCornick, Hoe, and Morse, Blaelow, Colt, Ertc-son, Howe, McCornick, Hoe, an
others, who have amassed immense fortunes from thetr inven others, who have amassed immense fortunes from thelrinven
tions, are well bnown. And there are thousands of others who
haverealized large sums from thelr patents.

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of the serves of Muns \& Co. during the TwENTY-SIX years They stand at the head in this class of bustness; and thefr large corp of assistants, mostly selected from the ranks of the Patest cfice: minc pable of rendering the beat service to the itvintor, frin the expertenc
practically outalned white examiners in the Patent Ofice: enables McNs \& Co. to do everything appertaluing to patente better and cueaperthan

## HOW TO 

 wer can only be had by presenting a completeapplication for a patentthe Commiseloner of Patente. An application constita of a Model, Draw

 delay, he ts usually glad to seek the atd of persons expertencedin paten business, and have all the work done over again. The best plan is to sollct oroper advice at the beginning If the partles consulted are honorable men
he Inventor may safely confde hisidcas to them, they will advise whethe

## eedful to protect his rlghts

How Can I Best Secure my Invelition? This is an inquiry which one inventor naturally asks another, who has had
ome expertence in obtaining patents. His answer generally is as follow and correct
Construct a neat model, not over a foot in any dimension-smaller if po atble-and send by express, prepald, addressed to Minn \& Co. ST Fark lion
New York, together with a description of its operation and merits. On re
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t hand, to construct a model, make as good a pen and ink sketce of the at hand, to construct a model, make as good a pen and ink skect of
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Pat.ant (nfica.

## Becrat Amprican aul forcign enatents.

Improved Track Clearer.
Frederlck Buse, Fergus Falls, Mlun.-This Invention consists in two whevels arranged in iront of the cowcatchcr of a locomotive: nd in a plane perpenufecular to the direction of the track. By sultable gearing, these are
connceted with the forward axle so that the whecls are switty rotated, conncted with the forward axle so that the whecls are switily rotated,
causing radial wings or shovels attached thereto to throw and viow the causing radial wings or shovels attached thereto to throw and olow the
snow from the track, and thus work their way rapidy through the enow even snould it be greatly drifted.

## Improved Hoop Lack.

Thomas E. Lucas, Che:terfleld, S. C.-The ohject of this invention is to Trovide away for fastenlug or tylrg the ends of wooden hoops togethe consifts in a metallic tic having two sockets counceted together, in which
corer oockets the ends of the hoops are wedged.

Improved Cherry stoner.
En Buck and Edgar W. Kirk, CInclnnatl, Iowa.-By suitable construction as punche. descend upon the cherrles in taper.ng holes, the stones are
punched out of the frutt and through the holes, and fall tnto a dish placed beneath the sald holcs. As the punches ascend they cany the frult with then up to a plate having holes in It, through whith the punches pass but not the fruit, so that the latter 19 pushed or stripped fromthesald punch es. As the punches ascend. the pan moves back so 28 to pass beneath the
The trult slides down the pan into a dish placed bencath the lower end of sald pan. The down the pan Intoa dish placed bencath the lower end of sald pan. The
descentof the cherrics tn the pan is regulated with one hand, while the crank is turned with the other.
Nicholas W. Gaddy, Nichproved Cotton (inn, heclass of gins having auxilhary bars or ongers applied to the ordinary In the arrangement of short secoudary fing rs so as to be readily attached Iand detached, and to be shifted or movet toward the saws from time to
atime, as hey vear smooth at the corners, thus exposing new and thisrp tlme, a
edges.
Improved Ticket and Delivery Holder.
Leonard J. Blades, Harrington. Del. - This trvention rels
 re partlitoned off, laclined, and caused to allow the exit of the tickets one

