T．B．W．asks：If a steam boat runs Fouter）Fivatrance \＃oum she ren with the help of
fourmile current？Answer：The ppeed of the vesel Fourmine current？Answer：The speed of the versel
Would bencreased by the ppeed of the current，if the J．S．H．P．asks： 1. How is carbolic soap
made？What proportion of the（pure）act1 18 used？ In mid winter．when the thermometer in the room stand at $80^{\circ}$ or $85^{\circ}$ ，though clad in titck under and outer gar－ ments，we call 11 only com fortably warm．But in sum－
mer at the same temperature，though clad in the thin－ nest possinle garments，耳e loll in the ehade and call 1 it
intolerably hot．Why 18 thls？Answers：1．Carbolic Intorerably hot．Why 18 rinis？Answers：i．Carbinc
 peraure，for example， $85^{\circ}$ Fah．，to be ne variably op pressive or hot．This 18 owing to the fact that the at
mosphere at this temperature sometimes contains more molsture thian at others．The drier the warm or hot at mosphere，the less the heat is felt，owing to the raptid evaporation of perspiration from the surface of the
body．During a cold clear winter＇s day the air contains much less moisture than in summer，so that，althoug above，it may not feel uncomfortable，the insensible
$\underset{\text { C．Wagnet to be operated by an earth battery？Answer }}{\text { C．}}$ You can make an earth battery by sinking two large plates of copper and $\operatorname{zinc}$ in moist earth，and connecting
them by conducting insulated wires attached to each Such a batters was constructed by Bain in 1841．You
can make an electro－magnet by winding stout coppe Fire，covered with silk，around a plece of soft iron bent in the form of a horse shoe，care being taken that the around each bob－ more numerous the colls，and the greater the
the electric current，the stronger the magnet．
W．S．B．asks：How can I anneal gold afte
it has been cast？Answer：We think you can do it by eating the gold，and allo
C．R．asks：1．What is the best and most
sconomical constant battery？ thermo－electric battery．Is there one of practical util constant action．It is not expensive，and no gases es cape from it．It consiets of a cylinder of copper，in Which is placed s cylindrical vessel made of unglazed biscult ware，of porous earthenware．Into th18 poroue
vessel a rod of amalgamated zinc 1s placed．The copper vessel is filled with a saturated solution of sulphate of copper with a little sulphuric acid．The porous cell 1 fixed to the upper part of the copper cylinder，are placed crystals of sulphate of copper（blue vitriol）to keep up hertes have been made solution．2．Thermo－electric bat know of none that have ever come into practical use．
D．H．M．asks：How can I separate iron als in a crucible，the brass．will be melted first，and can opoured off
S．asks：1．How is aniline made from coal
tar？rithat apparatus is necessary？ 2 ．How are bronze powders made？．How are the various colors produced from aniline？4．Can you give me a good rectpe for
Worcestershire sauce？Answers： 1 and 3 ．The basic portion of coal tar or coal tar naphtha，that 1 s ，the least volatile products of the distllation of these substances， This is done on the large acale in vessels inned with head． The clear portion of the 11 quid is then decanted and
evaporated until acid fumes appear．It is againfiltered evaporated unt11 acta fumes appear． The portion that passes over at $360^{\circ}$ Fah．is crude and－
ine．By the action of bichromate of potash on sulphate of aniline，rich shades of purple and violet are produced．
2．To make a bronze powder，mix perozide of tin and sulphur，of each 2 parts，sal ammoniac 1 part．Expose to a low red heat in an earthenware retort until sul－
phurous fumes cease to be given off．4．The following reclpe gives a fine sauce：Port wine and mushroom
ketchup，of each 1 quart；walnut pickle 1 pint；sog int；pounded anchovies $3 / \mathrm{lb}$ ：fresh lemon peel， minced shallots and scraped horseradish of each 2 ozs．；
allspice and black pepper（brulsed）of each 1 oz．；cay－ enne pepper and brussed celery seed of each $1 \not 又 /$ oz．（or
curry powder $\$ 3$ oz．．）；digest for 14 days，strain and bottle
W．W．B．Says：In making gas from petro
eum，there are several sifficultes of which the most serious is the deposit of carbon in the sbape of dry pow－ nd the gas holder．Petroleum is the finest gas－making material we have，taking into consideration its price； ply seems to be thexhustible．It is a question of grea minortance to the oll producer to get a steady market for his oll，and to the people to get a cheap and goo 1 ght ．Both of these objects would be attained by a
practical solution of this question：Can gas of good qualty，and cheap，be manufactured from crude petro leum on a large scale？I say that it can，and it can be
done by any mechanical arrangement to inject air and petroleum in graduated quantitles into the retorts；and ave no any shape，etther in retort or plpes．I have proposed the question to many gas men，but nobody seems to
know anything about it，excent that petroleum is a dif know anything about it，except that petroleum is a dif－
ficult thing to handle in gas making．I write to you to ask ：1．Will not the injection of air and petroleum into
the retort convert allthe petroleuminto gas？2．Would there be any deposit of carbon on the retorts or plpes？
3．Would it bea permanent gas or a mechanical mixture ？ 3．Would it be a permanent gas or a mechanical mixture？
4．Would there be danger of explosion from injecting 4．Would there be danger of explosion from injecting a
graduated quantity of air into the retort？Answer
Petroleum betng a misture of various hydrocarbons that is，various chemical combinations of hydrogenand carbon thatare for the most part liquid at ordinarg tem peratures，it is obvious that it cannot be changed into a permanent gas without decomposition，or a new inter－
change of its elements，forming new chemical com－ pounds．It is found that，when petroleum is submitted to a hign temperature without acce：s of oxygen，de
composition takes place，a quantity of uncomblned car bon being deposited．It is evident，then，that the perma－ nent gas formed is a hydrocarbon with a less proportion
of carbon than the liquid petroleum．To convert all the petroleum submitted to heat into a gaseous body，some－
thing must be supplied that will combine with the extra carbon and form either another illuminating compound When petroleum burnsin the air，its elements combin with oxygen，forming carbonic actd gas and vapor o With oxygen，forming carbonic acla gas and vapor of
Water．The injection of aif or oxygen int ot the decom－
posing retorts would therefore defeat the object in Vlew
that of making a permanent tlluminating gas．It would
simply cause a combuation of the petroleum nore rapid than that which takes place in the open air，besides the to inject hydrogen with the petroleum into the retort， or to decompose the petroleum in an atmesphere of
hydrogen．Thishydrogen could be readlly formed bs ed steam by means of contact with the decomposing petroleum might yield portion of tts oxygen to the extra carbon，thus obviating Which could be removed by water．If free hydrogen Wereliberated，it would increase the heating properties of the flame．We simply mean here to indicate the phil onstitution and affinities of chemical bodies．Nothin at practical trial in this way can solve the problem minating gas．
J．M．asks：How can I make an induction angement，can I make an electric light？Answer：You n make an induction coll as follows：In the figure，the

round a glass tube．Outside of this is wound the second ary fine wire coll of about 1,400 feet．Battery contact broken and renewed by the rotation of a aoft iron bar mediately over the axds of the coll，in which1s placed bundle of soft iron wire．The current of the battery passes through the pillar $d$ and the axis carrying the on bar，and contict is broken and renewed by the解的 $i$ dipping as $h$ revolves into and out of mercury in he trass cup g，on the pillar a，through which the cir
cuit is completed．The binding screws in front connect Fith the ends of the coarse interior coll，and for con－ nection with the battery．Two screws behind connect With the ends of the fine wire coll，from which the sec
ondary current is derived，and fro $n$ which shocks mas be taken，water decomposed，etc．You cannot make the electric light with this arrangement．That requires that the fine wire coll should be wound round a soft iron orseshoe magnet，which is made to revolve rapidly in
J．K．asks：Is there in existence a means minute only，a machine which uses 5 horse power？The power which runs the machine is unable to set it in
motion，and cannot even asise in it．What may I em－ ploy to start the machine？Answer ：We hardly get our idea；but as the questionis stated，it would seem engine，to start the machine．
A．L．B．says：In your answer to I．E．E． is lighted by electricity is incorrectly stated．The burn ers in the synagogue are not lighted by the galvan current heating a platinum wire，but by induced elec
tricity，produced by a new frictional apparatus and con denser，contained in one small case．The electricity generated bv turning a crank，is stored up in the con－ denser，which，when a suffctent quantity and intensity is arrived at（depending upon the number of burners to
be lighted），is discharged，producing a spark at eact burner－the circuit being there broken - and ignites the gas which
discharge．
Minerals，etc．－Specimens have been re－ eived from the following correspondents，and xamined with the results stated：
J．E．H．－Slliceous earth，apparently infusorial．Infu－ name of electrosillicon．
J．R．E．- Blue clay，a sillcate of alumina
P．S．－Hypersthene（or Labrador hornblende）with
W．W．B．－Galena（Bulphide of lead），
T．F．H．－Galena（sulphide of lead）

## COMMUNICATIONS RECEIVED．

The Editor of the Scientific American cknowledges，with much pleasure，the re ceipt of original papers and contributions pon the following subjects ：
On Crucibles．By L．T．C．
On Silicon Steel．By C．W．H．
On Heat．By H．C．F．
Gn Perfect Combustion．By C．R． On a White Blackbird．By J．S．B． On Using Heat Twice．J．A．H．E． On Transit on the Canals．By R．D．R On the Art of Inventing．By K． On Lunar Acceleration．By J．H．
Also enquiries from the following C．K．C．－P．W．－W．H．－W．H．S．－E．J．－E．H．K． s．E．J．
Correspondents wh $\odot$ write to ask the address of certain anufacturers，or where specifed articles are to be had also those having goods for sale，or who want to find
partners，should send with their communications an mountsufflient to cover the cost of publication under the head of＂Business and Perso nal．＂Whioh is specially devoted to such enquiries．
［OFFicial．］
Index of Inventions

## FOR WHECH

Letters Patent of the United States October 14，1873，

## and fack bearing that date

Alr compressing apparatus，R．S．Pardee．

## nnuana circut，electrical，J．H．Guest．．

Baking powder，bread，Kopping \＆Weldema Barrel head，A．Hanvey
Baton，policeman＇s，Beer
Bed bottom，s．Pearson（ r
Bedstead fastening，T．
Bee hive，J．H．Shook ．．．．
Belt shifting apparatus， 0 ．H．Wade
Bollers，dead light for steam，J．C．Hoadiey． Bolt and rod cutter，L．H．Smith．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Boot channeling machine，C．S．Dunbrack． Boot channeling machine，
Boot edge welt，J．Gre en．
Boot heel plate，G．Rohn．．
Boot nalling driver，A．S．．．tibly．．． Boots，manu facture of，W．H．Ferguson． Boots，etc．，heel for，Gebhard \＆Schwar
Bottle corking machine，J．Armstrong Bottle，cosmetic，M．H．Huntington Brick machine，D．W．Glendinning Brush，rotary，G．Carlisle．．．． Brush，scrubbing， C
Bung，H．K．Hazlett

## Bung，H．K．Hazlett．．．

Caliper，W．H．Miner．．．．．．．
Can，oll，J．G．Evenden（r）
Can，oil，W．A．Foster．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Cans，forming seamless，M．Von Culin Cans，etc．，filling，C．s．Buckinn． Candy cutter，F．Quinn
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Car coupling，W．D．Pope．．．
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Car couping，E．R．Scott
Car coupling，J．Setslove．
Car coupling，E．D．Smith
Car coupling，o．Taylor．
Carriage，child＇s，L．Havasy
Carrlage，chlld＇s，J．G．Kamphau
Carriage spring，G．Hopson．．．．．
Chair folding，D．N．Selleg．
Churn，J．L．T．K．Britt．
Churn dasher，I．B．Compton
Cock，J．W．Faxo
Copy holder，W．R．Carter
Cracker machine，J．Fox
Cracker machne，G．J．Kingsbury
Cultivator，C．M．\＆D．E．Hall（r）．．．
Cultivator，wheel，Matchet \＆Smith
Cutter head，H．Fletcher．
Cutter and planter，potaco，L．J．Mew born
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Distilling pure alco
Door hanger，S．L．Bignal
Electric rallway algnal，s．C．Hendrick Engine governor，steam，C．R．Rungvist Engine，rutary steam，shaw \＆Ba
Equalizer，draft，W．W．Hinman
Fare box，T．L．Johnson．．．．．
ence．plcket，R．H．McG1nty
Fire escape，C．Dietrich
Fire extinguisher，portable，I．c．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Forceps for snouting hogs，G．Stephens
Fumigator forhospltal use，T．J．Mayall
Furnace，chimney，L．White．
Gage，cloth marking，E．E．Emery
Gage，registering steam，P．Maltby
Gasretort，T．Davison．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Glass ware，mold for，G．H．Lo
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Gun，breech loading，etc．，B．\＆W．G．Burton．
Gua，machine．C．Stensland．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Harrow tooth，W．H．Platt
Harventer，T．N．Foster（ $(\mathrm{r})$
Harvester，T．．Foster
Harvester，T．N．Foster（ r ）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Harvesting machnee，
Heel burnishing machine，
Heel hand tool．s．L．Riker
Heel hand tool．S．L．Riker
Hinge，H．Manneck．．．．．．．．．．
Holsting apparatus，N．S．McFarland．
Hose，hydraulic，L．R．Blake ．．．．．．．．．．
Indicator and safety valve，J．Smith Indicator and safety valve，
Iron and steel，E．Peckham．
ron from slag，J．J．Vinton：．．．．．．．．
Latch for doors，locking，E．Halse Liquids，cooling coll for，W．Ge ubricator，J．McL．Powe
Mall pouch holder and catcher，B．F．Bean Map exhibitor and cabinet，W． Matter，composition of，G．T．J．Colburn（r） Measure，tallor＇s，J．Beaudry．．．．．．
Metal working machine，H．B．Sev Metal working machine，H．B．Sev
Mill，grinding，R．\＆S．Patterson． Mill，grinding，R．\＆S．Patter
Mop holder，E．M．Naramore． Mop har mixer，Hoagland \＆Mickel
Netedle and shuttle threader and $k$ Hut deat Ores，reduclng，J．H．Boyd．．． Packing，piston，T．J．Mayall．
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Photographic embosing prese，E．E．Barker．
Photographic printing frame，W．H．Jacoby


APPLICATIONS FOR EXTENSIONS
Applications have beenduly fled，and are now pending
for the extension of the following Letters Patent．Hear－ ＇ngs upon the respective applica

26，860．－MAKING Tinware．－S．J．Olmsted．Dec． 31.
6，952．－I．AMP．－G．Nellson．Jan．7．
30，467．－SINGEING PIGA．－A．Denny et al．Jan． 14.
EXTENSIONS GRANTED．

## 25，797．－Harvester．－E．Ball．

25，fir．－Harvester．－E．Ball．
25，807－HEM Folder．－L．Clark．
25，814．－SLEEPLNA Car．－J．Danne

25，867．－Coverina SADDLe TREEs．－J．Maclure．
DISCLAIMER．

## DESIGNS PATENTED．

## 956．－Door Knob．－J．O．Hollits，Boston，Mass

 6，957．－Robber Boot．－L．L．Hyatt，New Brunswiek，N．J ， 6，960．－Statue．－J．Rogers，New York city．6，961－－Kitx．－S．M．Simonds，Philadelpha，Pa

TRADE MARKS REGISTERED．

 1，491．－Corset Sprivas．－F．L．Egbert，New Yor
1．492．－Shirts．－Kohn \＆Co ．，Philadelpha，Pa． 1，493．－BrDsirs．－J．M．C．Martin，New York city．
1，494．－Cloties Wringers．－Queen City Wringer Co Cincinnati， 0.
1，495．－Baking Powder．－Royal Baking Powder Co．
New York city． New York city．
1，497．－Grindrine MILLs．－Straub \＆Co．，Cincinnati， $\mathbf{O}$
 1，499．－Quiozbilver Flasiss．－Quicksilver Mining Co．，
New Almaden，Cal．
1，500．－Window Polise－H．M．Wade，Philadelphia，Pa．
1，500．－WINDOW PoLisH．－H．M．Wade，Philadelphia，Pa
1，501．－MEDIOINE．－J．L．Graham，Pittsburgh，Pa．
1，502．－LuBRIOATING OiL．－Leonard et al．，New Yorkcity
SHEDDLE OF PATENT FEES：
On each Caveat．．．．
On each Trade－Mar
On filing each application fora Patent（17．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． On 1s8ungeach originalPatent．／
On appeal to Examiners－In－Chief
On appeal to Commissioner of Patents
On application for Retssue．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
On granting the Extension．
On fling a Disclaimer
On an application for De．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
On an application for Design（ 81 years）．
On an application for Dealgn（14 yeara）．

