## TESTING THE MAN-ENGINE

bi John elfreth wateing.
Of the many man-engine testing plants which have been instituted within recent years, the most interesting are those which are now studying the self-directing function of the human machine. In these workshops man is continually making surprising discoveries about himself.
Perhaps the most engrossing item in their equipment is a gage for use in determining the man-engine's speed in starting, stopping, or directing its course after receiving a signal. It is a clock which records thousandths of a second, and an electric current can start and stop it within an imperceptible interval. Several complicated instruments can be connected with it in such a manner that upon the instant a sound is made, a light is flashed, or a color, a letter, or a word
is exposed, the electrical impulse giving such a signal will start the recording hand.

The subject, with a finger pressing a telegraph key, is told that as soon as he hears, sees, or feels the signal he must release his finger from the key. The signal itself automatically closes the current and starts the clock, while the lifting of the finger from the key breaks the current and stops the clock. The number of thousandths of a second scored by the clock meanwhile measures the time required by the mind in perceiving, understanding, and obeying the signal.
Thus, this man-engine gage will measure the time which you require to recognize or name a letter, color, or object; to read a word or sentence; to add, subtract, multiply, or divide; to remember your own name, your address, the meaning of any word in any language. Comparative tests thus far indicate that
the average mind obeys a sound signal in 125 thou sandths and a light signal, in 160 thousandths of a second and that the ear therefore is quicker than the eye; also that the eye requires about the same time to read a word of five or six letters as to read a single letter; that a person remembers his own name more quickly than that of his best friend-even that of his wife; that he recollects the country in which his own city is located more promptly than that in which Paris is, for instance. According to Prof. Lightner Witmer, of the University of Pennsylvania, men hear see, or feel signals more quickly than do women, and Indians appear to be quicker in this respect than are whites.
Of all the man-engine's working-levers the arm is the most industrious. The quickness of its movements (Continued on page 420.)


Measuring circulation in brain. Asleep, head up.


Measuring circulation in brain. Solving a problem. Head down.


Effects of thought on muscular power.


Testing the acuteness of touch.


Testing the acuteness of smell.


Involuntary hand movements.


Effects of thought on circulation of blood.


Measuring lip movements.


Timing the arm's speed.


BELLE ISLE Marine 2 1o3 H．P．Bare Engin
 New Belle Isle Motor Co．，Dept．D，Detroit，Mich．


LUFKIN
TAPES AND RULES
5
Free

## Catalogue of Scientific and Technical Books

We have just issued a new edition
of our Catalosue of Scientific and Technical Books，which contains 144 pages，and a copy will be mailed free to any address on application．


| tion of the wind，character of the dayand remarks． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | 1 |  |
|  | 嫆 | 番童咅童 |
|  | 䓓 | びが家 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | P：홍 \％ |
|  | 唇 | 1：1\％ |
|  | 星 | 1：1部离 |
|  | 号 | $55^{5}$ |
|  | 1 | $8 \% 8$ |
|  | 龍 | $\because 8$ |
|  |  |  |
|  | 音 |  | wind is that direction from which the bur．The character hours of the twenty－ the sky，whether it is cloudy，partly loudy，or clear．A sky of 70 per cent be＂clear＂； 50 to 60 per cent without 20 per cent without clouds is accounted ＂cloudy．＂In the colưmn for remarks may be entered notes descriptive of un－ usual phenomena，such as severe storms， meteors，killing frosts，remarkable depths of snow，floods in the streams of the vicinity，aurora borealis，deaths by light－ ning．To make the recor valuable by the uniformity of its keeping，it is highly important that the readings be taken at the same hour each day，preferably at

7 P．M．，seventy－fifth meridian time．A column for the water gage may be added， served．

## TESTING THE MAN－ENGINE．

（Continued from page 413．）
is gaged by another attachment electri－ cally joined to this clock．At the height of the subject＇s shoulder are arranged， upon a bar，two small hinged uprights． His hand is placed against one of these little posts and he is told to move it as quickly as possible in the direction of the other and to knock both of them down in the least possible time．The clock measures the time interval between the fall of the two uprights，and thus it is possible to time the swiftest movement of the arm in passing through a yard or foot of space．Men are found to be twice as rapid in this movement as women；In－ dians much slower than whites；negroes more constant than whites in rate of movement．
Another ingenious man－engine gage is a cylinder revolved by clockwork and covered with paper against which rests a marking point moved by air pressure ex－ erted through a tube connecting with any number of attachments．This appa－ ratus is used largely in comparing the workings of the body while under nor－ mal conditions and during hard thinking or strong emotion，or after great intellec ual or physical effort．Thus when en （Continued on page 421．）



50 Sargent Perfectos
Sargent Patent Cigar Chest （ for Both Rezalar Price 83.50
Yo take no risk by byying wint our Money－Back Garantee Sargent Cigars．Every man who smokes should have a Sargent Cigar Chest to keep his cigars in prime condition．The two together at the
price of one is an offer hard to resist．It is the ideal Christmas gift for men．

Sargent Cigar Chest FREE
The Sargent Patent Cigar Chest（shown above）is a perfect little cigar store in itself．It
is made of oak，mission finish，glass－lined and sanitary．No pads or sponges to bother with， he moisture being supplied by a new process． With a Sargent Cigar Chest you never lose
money on dried－out cigars．The chest will be sent you with your first order and is your prop－ OUR＂MONEY BACK＂GUARANTEE
 Latestion．Send us 83.50 and we will ship you 50 Saryent Per
fectos and the Cigar chest．If you order 100 cigars，price 87.00
for
 For S2．00 extra
 REFER ENCES：Pequano okk National Bank，First Bridgepor
National Bank，or City National Bank，all of Bridgeport，
SARGENT CIGAR CO Bridgeport，Conn ${ }^{940,70}{ }_{9} 941,259$

 941,196
94666
nected with the apparatus，the marking hand will record upon the paper the ex－ pansion and contraction due to breathing． Arthur MacDonald，an anthropologist of
Washington，has used this instrument in studying the influence of intellectual and emotional states upon breathing and has thought，as in mathematical calculations or in reading，considerably decreases the breathing．Inasmuch as a falling off of oxygen in the blood results from decrease of respiration he suggests that this may partly explain the proverbial thin－blooded condition of deep students．Prof．Hugo
Münsterberg，of Harvard，finds with such Münsterberg，of Harvard，finds with such
an apparatus that sudden pleasure makes the respiration weaker and quicker；dis－ pleasure，stronger and slower；excite－ ment，stronger and quicker；acquiescence， weaker and slower．A similar apparatus ord of the pulse－beats，showing that pleas－ ure heightens and retards them；displeas－ ure weakens and accelerates them；and that ex
them．
There is connected to the same record－ ing instrument a device having two rods which press between the iips and trans－ mit a record of their slightest movements to the paper upon the revolving cylinder． Similar gages keep score on the move－ ments of the larynx，soft palate，and tongue，and thus are all of the physical elements of voice measured while various emotions are being experienced．
In one of these laboratories，an instru ment when attached to the hand，meas ures its involuntary movements in three directions－forward and backward，from right to left，or upward and downward； these three elements being recorded upon one revolving cylinder by a separate marking point．Experiments with this device indicate that the hand uncon－ sciously follows the direction taken by the mind．When the subject commences to obey instructions to concentrate his mind on some object，above or below，or to his right or left，the record paper shows that the hand has been moved in the direction of that object．One test used by Prof．Münsterberg is to ask the subject to think attentively of a special letter of the alphabet and then spread in a half circle about the instrument cards bearing these letters．The average sub－ ject＇s hand will quickly record an im－ pulse toward the letter of which he is thinking though he is unaware of it． Thus it will be seen that whither the mind leads the hand will follow unwit－ tingly，and here we have an analysis of gesture and also of the phenomena of ＂planchette＂and＂ouija board，＂as well as of the old－time parlor game of＂mind reading＂－really muscle reading．
These man－engine gages are revealing many other hitherto hidden truths con－ cerning the mind＇s unconscious control of the body＇s movements and actions，and perhaps the prettiest demonstration of this is given by a device consisting of a great tray containing a man lying flat upon his back and balanced upon two knife blades at such a delicacy of poise that the least movement sets the tray to see－sawing．The subject is so placed that his center of gravity rests over the blades and so long as he relaxes his mind and holds his breath a spirit level shows that the tray rests in a horizontal plane； but as soon as he commences to breathe it commences to rock itself in cadence with his inspirations and expirations． When the subject，in response to a com－ mand，commences to solve a problem in mental arithmetic the end of the tray toward his head sinks and that holding his feet rises，all of which indicates that when there is any call for special activ－ ity of the brain the blood rushes to that organ，as if to nourish thought．But now if the subject relax his mind as before the tray will again balance horizontally Next a little device which rapidly re volves two mirror－studded panels is placed before his eyes and may so fatigue （Continued on page f22．）


Lubrication Costs Less Than Repairs

MOBILOIL




 MoBliloit，in marels and in
cans with patent pouring spout

vacuid oil co．，


Classified Advertisements Advertising in this column is 75 cents a line. No les
than four nor more than 10 lines accepte. Count
even words to the line. All orders must be accom panied by a remitiance. Further information sent on
request. THIS COLUMN CAREFOLLY,-You will find nquiries for certain classes of articles numbered in
consecative order. If you manufacture these good write us at once and we will send you the name and is no charge for this service. In every case it is necessary to give the number of the inquiry. Where manufacturers do
nquiry may be repeatea MUNN \& CO., Inc.

## BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.   <br> PATENTS FOR SALE. <br> FOR SALE-Pateut No. 936.000. A spring wheel to substitute the rubber-tire wheeis actualy wsed for antomotiles. Address Luis I. Leon, San Juan, Porto   Inquiry facturers of cure sticks. machinery  lam Kleineschay, Cambbelisport, Wisconsin. <br> Inquiry No. 8990.-For information regarding sboen ont made of leather but similar to the same and are as durable   <br> 

## FOR SALE.

THEE SANBORN BAG 1IFTTER. A device to assist ne request. H . \& E. Sanborn, Fortinnd, Maine Inquiry No. 9016 . - Wanted. machinery necessary
for an installiation of a p pant for refring sait by a FOR SALE.-Engine lathe, swing 913 in. takes 25 in
 Inquiry
from re-reeling,
No
twisting, of making it into clothes.
 lnquiry No. 9025.-W.

Inqniry No. 9028 . - Wanted, to buy a washing
machine that is run by coil spring motor.
TYPEWRITERS.
REAL REMINGTON. \%18 75 .-One machine only in
new localities to secure desirable agent.
Special agents


Inquiry No. 9029. - Wanted, catalogues and all
information on machinery for braiding straw in manu-
facturing straw hats.

## MISCELLANEOUS.


lnquiry No. 9034.-For manufacturersof machin.
ery that could reduce stumps to kindlug wood.
 Inquiry No. 9036 , - Wanted, the address of
manufacturers of ${ }^{\text {Cy }}$, the Ball Bearing Suspenders." HAIR GROWS When our Vaccum Cap is used a few
 Inquiry
Chipman Electric Puritying Co.

LISTS OF MANUFACTURERS. COMPLETE LISTS of manufacturers in allinines sup-
 Inquiry No. 9042.-Wanted the address of Farney
 Price 815.00. Address
ment. Box $\boldsymbol{T} 3$, New York.
Ynquiry No. 9043 .- Wanted the address of the
manufacturers of mirrors that are transparent when
the light in the rear is stronger Inquiry No. $\mathbf{9 0 4 4}$.-Wanted to buy outifts necesInquiry No. 9045.- Wanted the address of the
International inyber and Development Co., manu.
facturers of hard wood. Inguiry No. 9046 .- Wanted, machinery used for
themanuacture of all Einds of fruit bozes, baskets and
crates
 luquiry No, 9048 . Wanted, address of manufaclnquiry No 9049 .- Wanted, to
suitable for a shoe ehining machine.
Inquiry No. 9050.- Wanted, to buy equipment
for manufacturing starch and denatured alcohop from potatoes, also mat
table canneries.
Inquiry No. 9051.-Wanted. to buy machinery for
extraction of cotton seed oil on a small scale.
them that sleep will ensue. If so the
end of the tray holding his head will rise and that holding his feet will fall, showng that in sleep the blood leaves the brain for the extremities. For a somewhat similar purpose is a large glass jar holding the arm, submerged in water When any action of the mind causes the blood supply of the arm to increase or decrease as the vital fiuid is attracted oward or repelled by the brain-a marking point resting upon the paper of the moving cylinder above described is raised or lowered. With this has been determined that every emotional excite ment speaks in the blood supply of every limb.
How our states of mind unconsciously alter, also our powers of performing muscular work, are nicely demonstrated by a machine attached to the middle finger, generally accepted by physiologists as the index to the body's muscular tone. A vise holds the forearm and hand out tretched, palm upward, upon a table, and the finger is harnessed to a cord hanging over a pulley and suspending a weight. As the finger is bent and straightened it raises and lowers the weight and at the ame time a recording point worked by the cord keeps score upon a revolving ylinder. It has been discovered that if he subject concentrates his mind upon the effort of thus contracting his finger requently and each time raises the weight with his utmost force, his finger will weaken and after a time will scarcely the weight. But if he continues to aake this effort regardless of the results -without worrying about them-sooner or later the strength of the finger will be lmost return and will move the weight continue with alternate periods of fatigue and almost complete recovery-a phe nomenon akin to that of the athlete's "second wind." The experiment plainly demonstrates how fear of the results of effort will wear upon the muscles with which the effort is made.
Among the most important of the gages which measure a man-engine's compara tive powers of self-direction are those which record the acuteness of the senses -of those telegraph systems over which are dispatched, from the various object to consciousness, the subtle message upon which our total impressions of per ceived objects are based-the raw ma erial, in fact, out of which our ever thought is manufactured.
Acuteness of hearing is tested by a de vice in which balls of cork fall a certain distance upon a plate of glass, the ear being distant so many inches. At the outset of this test the height from which he balls fall is so slight that the ea does not perceive their impact, but the ength of drop is gradually increased un til the sound commences to be audible The acuteness of each ear is measured upon a scale in units of the length of drop at which perception of the sound ust barely commences. Then there is a rectioneasuring the ear's estimate of $d$ urround th graduated borircle has been blindfolded a sound is made with a telegraphic sounder moved to the different degrees marked in the circle. The subject's estimates of the direction whence the sound issues are compared with its actual direction
Acuteness of seeing is measured by devices too numerous for description. One of the most interesting exposes a long black surface across which extend three movable white strips. Two are placed a certain distance apart and the third, moving automatically, is stopped by the subject at the point which he estimates to be exactly between the others. A concealed scale shows his error

When his acuteness of smell is tested the subject sits before an instrument from which protrude into his nostrils a pair of tubes connecting with a metallic case shielded from his eyes. The examiner fits to the open end of the tubes various cylinders filled with substances of different perfume, whose strength varies (Concluded on page 423.)

## Three New Interesting Books

## The Scientific American Boy at School

By A. RUSSELL BOND
12mo. 338 Pages. 314 Illustrations. Price $\$ 2.00$ postpaid.


HIS book is a sequel to "The Scientific American
Boy," many thousand copies of which have been
Sold, and has proven very poular with the boys
Ihe main object The main object of the book is to instruct how to
build various devices and aparatus, particularly for
outdoor use. The construction of the apparatys. outdoor use. deve construction of of the particularly for for
is fully within the scope of the average boys, which is fully within the scope of the average boy, is full esting story, a feature which has assisted in making th It takes up the story of "Bill, wand several. of his
companions at boarding school. They form a mysterious companions at boarding school. They form a mysterious fulness of the ancients. Their Chief Astrologer and
Priest of the Sacred Scarabus is gifted with unusual
powers, but his magic is explained so that others can
copy it. Under the directions of the dams, bridges, and canal-locks are are constructed. Th
Chief Admiral and Naval Constructor builds many types
of boats, some of which are entirely new. The Chie
Craftman and the Chief Artist also have their parts
in the work done
in the work done by the Socist also have their parts
and his Grand Vizier have charge. Following is Pharaoh
and list of Chapter I, Initiation; Chaper chapters: Building a Dam ; Chapter III, The Skiff; Chapter
V, The Lake House; Chapter V, M Midnight Surprise ; Chapter VI, The Modern Order of Ancient Engineers': Chapter VIII, A "Pedal Paddle Boat"' Chapter VIII, Surveying Chapter IX, Sounding the Lake, Chapter X, Signaling Systems, Chapter XI, The Howe Truss Bridge; Chapter XII, The Seismograph, Chapter XIII, The Canal Lock,
Chapter XIV, Hunting with a Camera; Ghapter XV, The Gliding Machine, Chapter
XVI, Camping Ideas; Chapter XVII, The Haunted House ; Chapter XVIII, Sun Dialis


## Handy Man's Workshop and Laboratory Compiled and Edited by A. RUSSELL BOND <br> 12mo. 467 Pages. 370 Illustrations. Price $\$ 2.00$ postpaid. <br>  <br>  electrician and the man in the physics and, on themical faboratory furnished another tributaryl to the food of ideas. Automobiles, motor cycles, motor boats and the like frequently call for a display of ingenulty among a class of men whe ore otherwise would never touch a tool. These also contributed a large share of suggestions that poured in upon us. It was aparent from the outset that the Handy Man's Work- shop Department in the Scientific American would be utterly inadequate for so large a volume of material ; but rather than reject any really useful ideas for lack of space. we have collected the worthier suggestions, which we present in the present volume. They have all been classified and arranged in eight chapters, under the following In, Fitting up a Workshop; II, Shop Kinks; III, Soldering of Metals; IV, The Handy Man in the Factory; V, The Handy Man's Experimental Laboratory; VI, The Handy Man's Electrical Laboratory; VII, The Handy Man About the House; VIII, The Handy Sportsman; IX, Model Toy Flying Machines. Index.

## Concrete Pottery and Garden Furniture

By RALPH C. DAVISON

## 12mo. 196 Pages. 140 Illustrations. <br> Price $\$ 1.50$ postpaid.


$\int^{\text {HIS work should appeal strongly to all those interested in }}$ ormamental concrete, as the author has taken up and



 Methods Used for Producing Designs with Same; VIII, Selec-
tion of Aggregates; IX, Wooden Molds- Ornamental Flower Pots
Modeled by Hand Indaid With Colored Tile X, Concrete
Pedestals; XI, Concrete Benches; XII, Concrete FFences XIII, XII,
Miscellaneous, Including Tools, Waterproofing, and rein corcing
nethod ofrst two chapters explain a most unique and original
working pottery which has been develoned by the the cost of the book author. The chapter on color work alone in worth many times that the reader knows nothing whatevers ofout the me materian and has tasen exploined each
progressive step in the various operations throuthout in detall. These directions have


 a coessary with the tormer material. The book is well obtten up. and is printed on
neeavy glazed paper and abounds in handsome illustrations throughout, which clearly
heal

MUNN \& CO., Inc., Publishers,
361 Broadway, New Yorik


[^0]
# DIAMONDS 

ynatame 1 US $\begin{gathered}\text { Old Reliabls, Oripinal Diamond } \\ \text { and Wath } \\ \text { ard }\end{gathered}$


SEALED PROPOSALS.





Schools and Colleges


Mroxe
Remory the Basis
Mem All Knowledse


* Aón than your memory, Easy, increases

Learn Watchmaking



The
Middle West Number
of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN

On December 11 th, 1909, the Scientific American will issue a number devoted entirely to the wonderful Mid-
dle West resion of the United States, a dle West resion of the United States, a
number which will set forth broadly and lucidly not only the asricultural interests of that region, but also those larger ensineering undertakings which are des-
tined to transform the Middle West, in part at least, into a manufacturing terpartory.
With that object in view the Middle West Number will publish articles on the following subjects:

 FII The Steel Industry. -One of the greatest
sieel plant sin the world is that which has beenbuilt at
Gary VriI. The Freight Subway System of Chi-
cage-Chicago can boast of aray bmal system of band-
ling reight bj means of subways. IX. The Water Su ply of Chicago.-Chicapo's
source or water is Labe
with water by means of a tuannel The wich extends two with water by means of a tunnel which extends two
miles out into the lake.
$\mathbf{X}$. Recl aiming Arid Lands.-Tbe United States forthe pilposos of recer way manv irripation project
which will vossom tr properly watered.


The Middle Wesit Number will be more than twice the size of the regular SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN. It will be lavishly illustrated. It will be contained in a colored cover which strikingly depicts Chicago's grain
elevators at work. Order from your newsdealer or from elevators at work. Order from your newsdealer or from
MUNN \& COMPANY, Inc., 361 Broadway, New York City
with the distance to which the cylinders are moved back beyond the tube ends. This distance is marked by a scale upon which is read the point where the subjec first perceives the perfume, and thus is
the acuteness of each nostril determined Taste is measured by solutions of sugar, quinine, tartaric acid, salt, etc., which are more and more diluted with water unti the tongue-to which they are applied with a dropper-no longer perceives the flavors; and the weakness of the solution marks the acuteness of the subject's sense of taste.
When testing for acuteness of touch the examiner holds what appears to be a rimless wheel from whose hub radiate a score of slender spokes. From the free end of each hangs a thread of slenderes cocoon fiber suspending a small disk of elder pith. All of the disks are of aqual size and apparently of equal weight, but in reality are surmounted by tiny buttons of metal which give them different weights; varying from one to twenty milligrammes ( $1 / 65$ to $20 / 65$ of a grain) The subject being blindfolded, the exam iner, commencing with the lightest disk, successively lowers one at a time upon the subject's skin. Several of the lighter disks are not felt, but soon there is ap plied one that is, and the weight of this lightest disk perceived determines the subject's sensitiveness. There are addi tional devices for measuring the various other elements of feeling, such as percep tions of weight, temperature, pressure pain, etc.

## INDOOR BED TENTS.

(Concluded from page 416.)
in the room, and two persons can sleep in the same bed, while only one uses the tent.
This, so far, has been a most success ful device for admitting fresh air on sani tary principles to a sleeping room. It enables one to breathe the outside air without danger of being chilled or exposed to drafts and colds. Some who tried this tent felt that the fresh air was too cold in storms or wet weather, and they use an outside awning, which can be adjusted at pleasure. With these tents the body can be kept warm, while the head, which is toughened to the cold, can obtain the stimulation it needs. This last can be modified by a Canton-flannel hood, which can be made so it will come down over the shoulders, and have a face opening large enough to leave the eyes, mouth, and nose exposed. The cape of this hood covers the shoulders if by any accident the bed clothes slip off them.
Fresh air allays sweating, provide good sleep-these tents are capital for insomnia-and helps the appetite. The cold air increases resistance to disease, purifies the blood, and prevents consumption, three reasons why one should breathe it at night. The theory of keeping the head in the cold and the body warm is that the body loses eighty to ninety per cent of its heat through the skin by radiation, and cold is bracing only when it comes in contact with the respiratory organs. On this theory, no good results are obtained when the feet and lower limbs get cold. On a cold night one can move away at least twelve inches from the window and still be under the tent, get perfect circulation, and be sure of getting up in a warm room in the morning.

Not so many years ago Americaiss as well as foreigners were afraid of the night air, though we have no such malarial districts as around Rome. Fortunately, we are learning to know better, and workers in Little Italy and the slums where foreigners congregate in cities are pushing the fresh-air movement with all heir might. Fresh air and plenty of it is the best preventive for consumption, the grip, bronchitis, common colds, and pneumonia. Some sort of inside windori tent and paper napkins, tissue paper, or pieces of gauze which are now used by some people for handkerchiefs, are destined to go a long way toward keeping people well, warding off disease and the


[^0]:    
    
    
    

