recently patented inventions. Pertaining to Apparel.
Coat-hanger.-L. Trestman, New York,
N. Y. This invention relates especially to the cords or chains which are attached on the inner side of the collar to enable the same to be hung upon a hook. The purpose is to provide
an anchor plate which can be readily secured to the material of the garment. There are two of these anchor plates provided and they are connected by a chain.

## Flectrical Devices

igniter.-G. W. Sage, Eureka, Cal. The improvements are in igniters for use in connection with internal combustion engines, and more particularly to that type of igniter in which
two electrodes are brought into contact and then separated at the instant it is desired to produce the spark. It relates to that type disclosed
Sage.
TELEPHONE-MOUTHPIECE.-G. H. Reed, New York, N. Y. The invention refers more particularly to means for rendering the mouthof the sound transmitted. The diaphragm and pad may be readily removed or replaced, and the mouthpiece in presenting a large bell-shaped the diaphragm of the transmitter
ROTARY CONVERTER.-J. L. Murdock, Boumdbrook, N. J. Mr. Murdock's invention pertains to so-called "current shaping mechan duce a converter, for selecting from three-phase alternating currents predetermined portions of said currents, in such manner as to accumulate
the effect of the portions thus selected, and thus build up a virtually direct current which is practically constant.

## Of Interest to Farmers.

GIN COTTON-SEED CLEANER.-H. A screen for cleaning gin cotton-seed by remov-
ing therefrom hulls, loose cotton, dirt, and sand. It is adapted and used for securing cotton-seed discharged from the gins, and separates from the seed the cotton and hulls, which are conveyed to a storage bin, the cotton being
subsequently returned to the gin to be re-ginned, ubsequently returned to the gin to be re-gi
THERMOMETER-HANGER FOR INCU-BATORS.-G. H. Lee, Omaha, Neb. In this case the invention refers especially to ther
mometers when used in incubators or in similar ituations where it is desirable to have the bulb supported adjustably so that the level of the bulb may be regulated and placed at any point desired.
PLOW.-S. A. Estabrook, Jr., Ponchatoula, La. In the present patent the invention is in plows, and has for its purpose to provide means to vary the sweep of the plow, whereby the oil may be thrown from furrows close to grow for different spaced rows.

## Of General Intorest

Camera.-A. L. Richardson, Melrose, New Mex. This invention has reference to improve
ments in photographic apparatus and is appliments in photographic apparatus and is appli-
cable chiefly to cameras used in photographic cable chiefly to cameras used in photographic
studios for the purpose of making portraits studios for the purpose of making portraits
also it may be used with other cameras such as those used for taking landscapes or for other outdoor photographs.
high-service dam.-R. Griswold, Den ver, Colo. The purpose here is to provide nove that adapt the dam for erection in a gorge o canyon near the highland, so as to arrest a
portion of the water drained therethrough, and portion of the water drained therethrough, and
produce back water for irrigation of the soil produce back water for irrigation of the
over which the arrested water is returned.
eaves-trough.-Lizzie h. Dichelman Forest, Ohio. The aim in this instance is to
provide a construction whereby to increase the provide a construction whereby to increase the
strength and rigidity of the trough when the sections are coupled together and at the same time to provide a construction in which the process of manufacture is simplified and in which the sections may be more quickly and sired.

## Hardware

NAIL-HOLDER FOR HAMMERS OR
 One purpose here is to provide details of con-
struction for the handle of a nail driving tool, such as a hammer or hatchet, which conver the handle into a magazine, wherein nails o
a selected dimension may be carried, and by a a selected dimension may be carried, and by
shaking movement of the handle be passed through a longitudinal slot in the hollow body from the slot, to be manually heads projecte sired.

## Heating and Lighting

INCANDESCENT-LAMP SOCKET AND wvention - L. L. Cash, Portland, Ore. and the intention of the invention is to imand the intention of the invention is to im-
prove the construction at the socket, and par-
ticularly that of the switch, for turning the ticularly that of the switch, for turning the
lamp on or off. Means are provided for mak lamp on or off. Means are provided for mak
ing signs visible that indicate that the current
is turned on or off.

CONDENSING SYSTEM.-St WooLr and C
w. Rafrerty, Lynch, Neb. An object of the invention is to provide means for disposing of the exhaust steam by condensing the same, pressure. Means also provide for removing im purities carried along with the steam thereb leaving the feed water in a pure cond
immediate re-entrance into the boiler.

## Household Utilitios.

SAD-IRON.-G. P. Clements, New Milford,
Pa. The iron has an adjustable extension Pa. The iron has an adjustable extension adapted for opening and pressing seams, rufles, conforms to the outward contour of the iron. It retains heat much longer than small iron wot is capable of ironing small and complicate besides avoiding the necessity of having severa sizes of irons.
bed ATTACHMENT.-H. L. Appleton, She imp, Ala. in this provision intention ment for hospital beds or the like, easily r moved or replaced, for containing sponges and
instruments, and so arranged as not to interinstruments, and so arranged as not to inter-
fere with the use of the Kelly pad or similar fere with the use
drainage devices.
CURTain-fixture.-J. Darling, Chicora Pa. The improvement here is particularly in that class mustrated in Mr. Darlings forme patent. The construction permits the con-
venient utilization of the ordinary curtain venient utilization of the ordinary curtain
rollers on the market and provides for securin the same in the hook bracket in such manne as to prevent any accidental displacement the shade when applied for use.
CLOTHES-DRYING DEVICE.-J. M. Teach Santa Monica, Cal. The aim here is to provide a drier, erected in the open air, which affords
a device that is very convenient in use and a device that is very convenient in use and
well adapted for the reception of a considerable well adapted for the reception of a considerable
number of pieces of clothing or other fabric number of pieces of clothing or other fa
that are to be exposed to the sun and air.

Machines and Mochanical Devices.
CUTTER-HEAD.-J. F. Stedman, Newburg Ore. Mr. Stedman's invention has for its more proved mounting for securing the cutters upon cutters may cud in such a manner that th at will and may also be adjusted as desired without removing them from the cutter head.
WAVE-MOTOR.-C. W. Hicks, Los Angeles, motor particularly automatic in action wherein a pier is built out into the ocean or equivalent body of water, a desirable distance in connection with which tracks are employed,
having an inclination upward in direction of the shore, upon which tracks a motor carriag is adapted to travel.
WIND-MOTOR-C. DaUB, New York, N. Y. is to provide a type of wind of this invention is to provide a type of wind motor in which
there are two sets of wind wheels there are two sets of wind wheels turning in
planes which cross each other, the combined planes which cross each other, the combined
effect of all of the wind wheels being transmitted ultimately to a shaft or other driven mited ultimately to a shaft or other dri
member common to all of the wind wheels. FILLING DEVICE.-E. N. Gaudron, Hasprovide a device, more especially designed for filling bottles and other receptacles with liquids contained in kegs, barrels, vats, tanks and other storage vessels, and arranged to automatically stop the filling at the time the bottle
is filled, to prevent the return flow into the storage vessels and thus a void displacement of storage ve
sediment.
RedUCING-valve.--T. P. Ford, New York, N. Y. The valve is more especially designed for high-pressure fire systems and the like, and common supply, such as a hydrant, to allow,
for instance, use of several hose of low and for instance, use of several hose of low and
higher pressure for outside work. Use is made of a valve casing having a connection with the hydrant or other water supply, and provided
with a plurality of outlets for connection with with a plurality of outlets for connection with separate fire hose, and main piston valves ar trolling the flow of water to said outlets.

Prime Movers and Their Accessories.
FLUE-CLEANER.-J. Wiechmann, Albany, . Y. This cleaner thoroughly cuts the scale from the inside of the flue or tube by the use
of a cutter head rotating with the turbine wheel, and provided with a cutter wheel mounted to rotate loosely on the end of a of the turbine wheel is relieved of undue strain and a proper cutting of the cutter wheel is insured, without danger of breaking the latter causing it to stick in the scale.

## Designs.

DESIGN FOR A PICTURE-FRAME. A Kaiserman, Rochelle, Ill. This neat ornamental design for a picture frame comprises a frame by a prop support on a flat surface. A cord and tassel hangs from the top point, and a tube shaped proj
the article.

Note.-Copies of any of these patents will pe furnished by Munn \& Co. for ten cents each. $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Please state the name of the patentee, title of } \\ & \text { the invention, and date of this paper. }\end{aligned}\right.$

##  Notes <br> and Queries.

Kindly write queries on separate sheets when writing
about other matters, such as patents, subscriptions,
books, etc. This will facilitate answering your ques books, etc. This will facilitate answering your ques.
tions. Be sure and give full name and address on every Fheet.
of the che in of this column in the i
sent by mail on request.
(12121) O. M. T. asks: A local steam plant has been supplying steam for some time plant has been supplying steam for some time
to several power plants in this city. They have two boilers of 100 horse-power each. They have been supplying about 200 horse-power cet long. To do this took altogether too much coal. They used about eight tons per day They dropped off 100 horse-power of this load and it only takes three tons or less per day,
using one boiler only. What is the explanation? Would the size of steam pipe make any difference in the amount of coal used? A. The
size of the steam pipe might easily affect the size of the steam pipe might easily affect the
coal consumption per horse-power generated. Without further particulars as to the distribuion we cannot say exactly, but supposing that half or more of the total horse-power is consumed by engines half or more of the total
distance from the boilers, a 4 -inch main is certainly small enough to cause an appre ciable loss of power. It is probable, however that the boilers are overloaded, and a reduc-
tion by half of the power consumption might tion by half of the power consumption migh
well cause a greater proportionate reduction the fuel consumption.
(12122) C. H. P. asks: We have two tanks lying horizontally. One is 6 feet 6 inches in diameter and 29 feet 6 inches long, and there is $241 / 2$ inches of oil in this tank. The
other is 6 feet in diameter and 25 feet 3 inches long, with $323 / 4$ inches of oil (from bottom of tank top oil How A. Your question is not very clear, as you
refer to the distance from the bottom of the tank (usually meaning the circular flat bottom) to the top of the oil; but as you refer to the tanks as lying horizontally, we presume you mean that the axis or longer dimension is
horizontal, and mean by the bottom, the curved side of the cylinder lying on the ground. In of the length of the tank by the area of the segment of a circle of which the surface of the oil is the chord. The area of such a seg

$$
\left(A=\frac{4 h^{2}}{3} \sqrt{\frac{D}{h}-0.608}\right)
$$

height of the segment (in your case the depth of the oil), and $D$ the diameter of the circle of which the is dificult, involving higher mathematics, which you presumably do not want, but its results ar very closely approximate. In your first case
$D=6$ feet 6 inches $=78$ inches, and $h=24.5$ nches, so

$800.33 \times 1.605=1284.5$ square inches. $)$
So the volume of the oil is $1,284.5 \times 29$ feet
$\square$
gallons $=1,968$ gallons nearly. $\quad$ With the abov
example you can easily calculate the second
amount, substituting $h=32.75$ and $D=72$ amount, substituting $h=32.75$ and $D=72$
inches, and multiplying the area found by 25 inches.
(12123) P. O. B. 35 asks: Does a 22 horse-power automobile develop more horse
power in "low" than in "high"? power in "low" than in "high"? I am
sure it does not, but just to prove it to the fellow with whom $I$ am betting, $I$ am asking you. Do you answer by letter or in asking Scientific American following the receipt o
the question? A. We make it a rule not to the question? A. We can only guess at the meaning of your question we do not mind
stating a general principle from which you can draw your own conclusions. Supposing that your question has some reference to the change-
speed gear of an automobile, no amount or kind of gearing can alter the power generated by
any engine. If a man can lift 100 through one foot in a second with his hands but can raise 1,000 pounds with a fall and tackle, he must continue for ten seconds exsecond required to raise the smaller weight in order to raise the 1,000 pounds 1 foot, because where he gains in mechanical advantage,
he loses in speed. In the same way with an engine, if a certain number of revolutions pro-
ducing through gears a given torque on the ducing through gears a given torque on th along a level road, a greater torque is required to drive at even a much less speed up
a steep grade. The engine speed is therefor reduced by the increased load, and, as a high speed is necessary for efficiency in gasoline en-
gines, a change of gear is made which allows the engine to run as fast as before while the wheels turn more slowly, thus distributing the
same amount of work over a longer period
and overcoming a heavier load; but the power generated is the same, power being the work
done divided by the time consumed in doing it. This is not to say that the output in brake ngine cannot be affected by the gearing.

## NEW BOOKS, ETC

 ERN ACCOUNTING. By Henry RandHatfield. New York: D. Appleton
\& Co., 1909. 12mo.; 367 pp . Price, $\&$ Co.,
$\$ 1.70$.
This is a most valuable treatise, giving in ucid style the best principles of accounting.
The essence of accounting from the author's iewpoint is the presentation first of a careful xhibit of a definite status of the concern at a on moment of time, and ssim of time. The first is embodied in the balance heet, the second in the income or profit and oss statement. The presentation of a correct vew of a concern's financial status and of its past profits involves many points of theoretical interest and practical import. The present olume will do much to give those who are marged with the ultimate revision of figures late to: Principles of Double Entry Bookkeeping, Balance Sheet, Assets and the Principles of Valuation, Valuation of Particular Assets, Mutual Assets, Depreciation, Capital Stock, Liabilities, Profits, Surplus and Reserve, Sinking Funds, Trading, Manufacturing, and Income Accounts, Cost Accounts, Partnership Accounts, tatement of Affairs and Deficiency Account, tice. The subjects treated are very well arthe subjects treated are very well ar-
ranged, and the book will certainly be of great value to the heads of business corporations as well as those who are charged with the actual accounting.
Handbuch für Heer und Flotte. Enzyklopadie der Kriegswissenschaften
und verwandter Gebiete. Herausgeund verwandter Gebiete. Herausgegebenant $z$. D. Vollständig in 108
leutferungen reichillustrierten Textes Lieferungen reichillustrierten Textes
mit farbigen Beilagen, Karten, mit farbigen Beilagen, Karten, tsches Verlagshaus Bong \& Co. Price per part, 50 cents.
The last five installments of this admirable military and naval encyclopedia contain some excellent articles on tactics, most of them
istorical in treatment, and some based upon the results of the recent Russian-Japanese war. Among these may be mentioned the articles entitled "Aufklaerung," "Aufmarsch", and "Ausdehnung der Gefechtsfront." Some excellent articles on historical battles and sieges, are to be found under the headings: "Aspern," "Austerlitz," "Bayaume," "Bar-sur-Aube," "Baut-
zen," "Ath," "Badajoz," and "Barcelona." European military geography is also discussed, particularly under the headings "Athen,"
"Baden," and "Bayern." Among the numerous articles of general military interest may be mentioned those entitled "Aufgebot," "Aufnehmen," and "Aushebung." while some special such titles as "Bajonettangriff," "Attacke," and "Batteriedeckungsbau," which last is most admirably illustrated. Among the naval articles of more than passing mention are
those under the headings "Artilleristische those under the headings "Artilleristische
Maschinen der Kriesgsschife,," "Atlantischer Maschinen der Kriesgsschiffe," "Atlantischer
Ozean," "Ausstossrohr," "Azimut," "Babcock und Wilcoxkessel." Military hospitals and the titles "Arznei- und Verbandmittelversorgung," "Aerztliche Fortbildung," "Atmuing,"
"Augenkrankheiten," "Bakteriologie," and "Baracken." A very clear presentation of miliary and legal relations, in other words, the subject of military jurisprudence, will be found nder the titles "Ausland" and "Auswanderung." view of the historical development and the military value of expositions.
My System. Fifteen Minutes' Work a Day for Health's Sake. By J. P.
Müller, ex-Lieut. of Engineers, Klam penborg, Denmark. With forty-four illustrations and a time-table. Translated from the fifth edition of the Danish original. New York: G. E. paper covers, 75 cents net; red cloth, gold lettering, $\$ 1$ net.
Miiller's book "My System" has become almost a household word in Germany. Indeed, comic journal with humorous approval, as "Geschichte von den sieben Gorks as Andrejev's ystem described is an excellent arrangement of gymnastic exercises intended to consume not more than fifteen minutes a day and yet to develop the physique. There can be no doubt that if the suggestions of this book are carried out, and
New Light on Ancient Egypt. By G. Maspero. New York: D. Appleton
$\&$ Co., $1909 . \quad 8 \mathrm{vo} . ; 315 \mathrm{pp}$. Price, $\$ 4$

Prof. Maspero is one of the most noted Egyptologists in the world, and he states in his Preface that he has been fifteen years trying
to bring a science, supposed to be comprehensible only to experts, within the reach of the ordinary
has not been wasted. He has drawn his materials from everything than can be discussed
with educated people, without demanding anywith educated people, without demanding any-
thing more than a little attention. Excavations, religion, travels, popular customs, literature, and history have each and all furnished him with subjects. The result is a living picture of the researches made in the domain of Egyptology during a period of fifteen years. The book is a most fascinating one to all who have even a slight appreciation of what Egyptology really means. Many chapters deal with the very latest discoveries and matte
that has never before appeared in book form.

The Life of Major-General Sir Charles William Wilson, Royal Engineers,
K.C.B., K.C.M.G., F.R.S., D.C.L.,

LL.D., M.E. By Colonel Sir Charles
N. Watson. New York: E. P. Dut-,
ton \& Co., 1909.8 vo.; 419 pp. Price, $\$ 5$.
The material from which this memoir of the
late Sir Charles Wilson has been late Sir Charles Wilson has been compiled con-
sists principally of his own diaries and notebooks, which he always kept in a very thorough manner ; all his official reports printed in Parliamentary papers and all other public writ ings; and more especially, all his letters to his and saw during his travels. Sir Charles Wi son's career was a remarkably varied and in teresting one. He was selected to serve on the North American Boun ane the Astron. For Survey, and had charge of that department in Scotland, Ireland, and afterward in the United Kingdom. He also was employed by the Wa Office; Foreign Office Survey under Lord Dufferin in Egypt. Sir Charles was prominent in and the mission of Gen. Gordon. In the Nil Expedition of 1884 he held the important posi tion of Chief of the Intelligence Departmen outside of his military and political positions, and probably did more than any other man to increase the knowledge of the geography and
archæology of Asia Minor, Palestine, and adjacent countries. The book is an entertaining one to those who care for memoirs
Stained Glass Windows in England. By $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Charles } & \text { Hitchcock } & \text { Shirrel. } & \text { New } \\ \text { York: } & \text { J. Lane Company, } & 1909 .\end{array}$ 12 mo .; 254 pp . Price, $\$ 2.50$ net.
This admirable book is a rational guide to the study of stained glass in England. It is
accompanied by maps which show how the accompanied by maps which show how the
cities may be visited in their proper sequence with as little fatigue and crossing of one's path as possible. Not only are many noble
cathedrals visited, but smaller religious edifices and secular buildings of many types are treated. In this latter category are treated the universities of Oxford and Cambridge and
one of the finest of the stately homes of Eng. land-Knole. Any cultivated person who completes the tour as outlined will have obtained a well-rounded impression not only of glass but of the customs of England indeligent insight form of illustration can hope to reproduce the the beauty of stained glass. Those selected by this book are the best obtainable, but are chiefly useful in showing how the windows are set. It
is not a technical book, so that scale drawings are not required. It is a beautifully printed and bound book.
Happy Hawkins. By Robert Alexander
Co., 1909. 16 mo .; 352 pp. Price \$1.50.
Happy Hawkins" is a quick-tempered, independent, loyal, lovable, adventurous, and philoown story in his own way, and after a plan of his own. His knowledge of human nature, his simple hearted devotion to those he loves, his
ability to get into trouble and out of it, his self-possession in any society - all these quali ties make him one of the most original characters in modern fiction. Mr. Wason tells a story full of red blood, with action, romance, and the
interplay of hot human passions, with an intricate plot, an abundance of incident, a great variety of scene and type, shrewd philosophy, genuine pathos, and, perhaps best of all, real
fun and humor on nearly every page. It covers the growth from childhood to womanhood of Happy's little playmate, Barbara, the daughte Dtamond Dot ranch, and swings round from Wyoming to Texas, Nevada, California, Montana, and back again. The book easily establishes the author's reputation as a great story teller and fun-maker

INDEX OF INVENTIONS

## For which Letters Patent of the

United States were Issued
for the Week Ending
August 24, 1909,
AND EACH BEARING THAT DATE

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inventor furnishing us with a model or sketch and a brief description of the device in question. All communications are strictly confidential. Our Hand-Book on Patents will be sent free on
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## 




Beverage dispensing system, A. D. Jones,
93,284
Bicycle frame, cushioning, o. J. Laravie....





Re







Brush holder, A. L. Mchugh

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## W. Gutenkunst Caddy, Grocer's. G. A. S. $\operatorname{chmid}$.







931,819
${ }_{932,735}^{931}$

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Cock, or faucet, water, Porter \& Binnington.
Coin controlled apparatus, G. A. Lony

 Bartlett $\cdots$, ornamented molded, G. H

phomas $\ldots \ldots$ machine for making, $\ldots$ | 932,204 |
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| 932,067 |
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| 933,863 |
| 93,089 |
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